

The following information from the Registry of the International Court of Justice is communicated to the Press:

Further to communiqué No. 61/3 of 13 March 1961, the hour fixed for the opening on 10 April of the public hearings in the case concerning the Temple of Preah Vihear (Cambodia v. Thailand) (Preliminary Objections) is 10.30 a.m.

At the beginning of the hearing, the Court will install six new Members who were elected by the General Assembly and Security Council of the United Nations in November 1960. The Judges concerned are Sir Gerald Fitzmaurice, who was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Sir Hersch Lauterpacht, and whose term of office began on 16 November 1960, and MM. Vladimir M. Koretsky, Kotaro Tanaka, José Luis Bustamante y Rivero, Philip C. Jessup and Gaetano Morelli, whose terms of office began on 6 February 1961. A biographical note concerning these Judges is appended to the present communiqué.

solemn

The Judges will make the declaration provided for in Articles 20 of the Statute and 5 of the Rules of Court.

The Court will then proceed to hear oral argument in the Temple case in which the Parties will be represented as follows:

Cambodia:

H.E. Truong Cang

Member of the Haut Conseil du Trône,
as Agent;

Hon. Dean Acheson,

M. Roger Pinto

Professor at the Paris Law Faculty,

and

M. Paul Reuter

Professor at the Paris Law Faculty,
as Counsel.

Thailand:

H.S.H. Prince Vongsamahip Jayankura

Ambassador of Thailand to the
Netherlands,

as Agent;

Sir Frank Soskice, Q.C.

Member of the English Bar and formerly
Attorney-General of England,

M. R. Seni Premoj

Member of the Bar of Thailand,

Mr. James Nevin Hyde

Member of the Bar of the State of New
York and a Member of the Bar of the
Supreme Court of the United States,

M. Marcel Slusny

Member of the Belgian Bar,

and

Mr. J.G. Le Quesne

Member of the English Bar,

as Advocates and Counsel;

SIR GERALD GRAY FITZMAURICE

Born 24 October 1901. Educated at Malvern College and Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge. Called to the English Bar at Gray's Inn, 1925; practised in London, 1925-29. Entered the United Kingdom Foreign Service as an assistant legal adviser in 1929. During the war acted as joint principal Legal Adviser to the Ministry of Economic Warfare, 1939-43; returned to the Foreign Office in 1943. Appointed Deputy Legal Adviser to the Foreign Office 1945, and Chief Legal Adviser 1953. Appointed Queen's Counsel, 1957. Legal Adviser to the U.K. Delegation, Chicago International Civil Aviation Conference, 1944; U.K. representative on the Washington Committee for the drafting of the Statute of the International Court of Justice, 1945; assistant Legal Adviser to the U.K. Delegation at the San Francisco Conference for the drafting of the United Nations Charter, 1945; Legal Adviser to the U.K. Delegation at the Paris Peace Conference, 1946, and at the Japanese Peace Conference, San Francisco, 1951; Legal Adviser to the U.K. Delegation and U.K. Representative on the Sixth Committee at the United Nations Assemblies of 1946, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1954, 1956 and 1959. Has attended other conferences in a similar capacity, including the O.E.E.C. Conference, Paris, 1948; the Berlin Conference, 1954; the Manila Conference, 1954; and was Delegate and Deputy Leader of the U.K. Delegation at the Geneva Law of the Sea Conferences in 1958 and 1960. Acted as Counsel for the U.K. before the International Court of Justice in several cases. Co-opted as a member of the International Law Commission of the United Nations, 1955, and elected as a member for a five-year period from 1 January 1957; elected President in 1959 and General Rapporteur in 1957, 1958 and 1960; was Special Rapporteur to the Commission on the subject of the Law of Treaties. Lectures include "The Juridical Clauses of the Peace Treaties" at the Hague Academy of International Law, 1948, and in 1957 gave the course on "The General Principles of International Law considered from the standpoint of the Rule of Law". Member of several learned societies including the Institut de droit international. Publications include legal articles in the British Year Book of International Law, 1931-1959; and in the Year Book of the International Law Commission for 1956-1960, five Reports on the Law of Treaties.

VLADIMIR M. KORETSKY

Born at Dnepropetrovsk, U.S.S.R., 1890. Studied at the universities of Moscow and Kharkov; Professor, since 1920, Kharkov (1920-1944, 1944-1949) and Tashkent (1941-1944). Academician of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian S.S.R. since 1948, Kiev; Honoured Scientist (savant émérite), Order of Lenin; author of more than fifty works and articles on public and private international law and on general history of states and the law in Russian and Ukrainian languages, some of them were published in Chinese, Roumanian and German languages; Editor-in-Chief of Juridical section of Ukrainian Soviet Encyclopedia; legal adviser to Soviet delegations to the first, second and fourth sessions of the United Nations General Assembly, the Security Council, 1946, the Council of Foreign Ministers and the Paris Peace Conference; representative of the U.S.S.R. in the Committee on the Progressive Development of International Law and its Codification, 1947, and the Commission on

Human Rights, 1947; member of the International Law Commission 1949-1951; participant in the United Nations Conference on the Abolition of Slavery, 1956, and the Geneva Conferences on the Law of the Sea, 1958 and 1960; member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration since 1957, and of the Polish-Norwegian Permanent Conciliation Commission, since 1959; Vice-Chairman of the Soviet International Law Association; Honorary member of the Indian Society of International Law.

DR. KOTARO TANAKA

Born on 25 October 1890, at Kagoshima, Japan. Graduated from Tokyo Imperial University (Faculty of Law) in 1915. Assistant Professor of Tokyo Imperial University, specialized in Commercial Law in 1917. Sent by the Government to study Commercial Law to the United States, England, France, Italy and Germany from 1919 to 1922. Professor of the Faculty of Law, Tokyo Imperial University 1922-1946. Invited by "Istituto del Medio ed Estrem oriente" in Italy as Exchange Professor in 1936. Lectured on Commercial Law and Philosophy of Law in Rome, Milan, Venice, Paris, Lyons, Lille and Louvain. Dean of the Faculty of Law, Tokyo Imperial University, 1937-1939. Member of the Jury of State Examination for judges, lawyers and administrative officials, 1923-1944. Invited by cultural associations and universities in Brazil and Argentine. Lectured on Commercial Law and Philosophy of Law at the universities of Rio de Janeiro, Sao Paulo, Buenos Aires, La Plata, Santiago, Peru, Panama and Mexico in 1939. Appointed Director of School Education Bureau of the Ministry of Education in 1945 and Member of House of Peers (Upper House) in 1946 and Minister of Education in the first Yoshida Cabinet, May 1946 to January 1947. Member of House of Councillors (Upper House); Chairman of Education Committee, from May 1947 to March 1950. Collaboration with government legislation in the field of commercial law. Engaged in the practice of law, especially concerning commercial affairs, since May 1947 in collaboration with Dr. Joji Matsumoto. Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, 1950-1960. Lectured to the Crown Prince and Princess, 1951-1960. Member of Japanese and foreign learned societies. Author of several legal works in Japanese and other languages.

DOCTOR JOSE LUIS BUSTAMANTE Y RIVERO

Born Arequipa, Peru on 15 January 1894. Educated at universities of San Agustín and San Antonio Abad. Advocate and Doctor of Laws 1918. Doctor of Philosophy, History and Letters 1918 and Doctor of Political and Economic Sciences 1929. Acting Professor of American Archeology and of Peruvian Social Geography in the Faculty of Philosophy and Letters of the University of Arequipa (1921). Has taught Modern Philosophy, Legal Procedure and Civil Law in the same University (1921-1932).

Member of the Arequipa, Cuzco, Puno and Lima Bars. Dean of the Lima Bar 1960-1961.

Engaged

Engaged in legal practice in Arequipa and Cuzco from 1918 to 1934. Substitute Judge and Substitute Public Prosecutor at the Superior Court of Arequipa between 1920 and 1934. Engaged in legal practice in Lima, since 1956.

Admitted to the Peruvian Foreign Service in 1934. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Bolivia (1934-1938). Peruvian Delegate to the Eighth Inter-American Conference (Lima, 1938). Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Uruguay (1939-1942). Chairman of the Peruvian Delegation to the Second South American Congress of Jurists (Montevideo, 1939-1940) - Chairman of the Congress Committee on Private International Law. Peruvian Observer at the Regional Conference of the River Plate Countries (Montevideo, 1941). Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Bolivia (1942-1945).

Member of the Arequipa City Council, 1921-23, Minister of Justice and Education 1930-31. President of the Republic (1945-1948).

Member of various learned societies including the Inter-American Bar Association and the Peruvian Academy of Language.

Author of many works on legal questions and in the field of sociology, history, literature and politics.

PHILIP C. JESSUP

Born New York City, 5 January 1897. Educated at Hamilton College, Columbia University and Yale University. Admitted to the District of Columbia Bar, 1925, and the New York Bar, 1927; member of a New York law firm, 1927-1943. Taught international law at Columbia University, since 1925; Hamilton Fish Professor of International Law and Diplomacy, 1946-1961. Assistant Solicitor, Department of State, 1924-1925; Assistant to Elihu Root, Conference of Jurists on the Permanent Court of International Justice, Geneva, 1929; Legal Adviser to the United States Ambassador to Cuba, 1930; Chief of Division, Office of Foreign Relief, Department of State, 1943; Assistant Secretary General of the first Council Session of U.N.R.R.A., 1943, and of Bretton Woods Conference, 1944; United States representative at various sessions of the Security Council and the General Assembly of the United Nations, 1948-1953; Ambassador-at-Large, 1949-1953. Vice-President of the Institut de droit international from 1959; associate, Rockefeller Foundation, 1960-1961; member of the Curatorium of the Hague Academy of International Law since 1957.

Publications:

The Law of Territorial Waters and Maritime Jurisdiction, 1927. American Neutrality and International Police, 1928. The United States and the World Court, 1929. International Security, 1935. Neutrality, Its History, Economics and Law. Elihu Root, 1938. International Problem of Governing Mankind, 1947. A Modern Law of Nations, 1948. Transnational Law, 1956. The Use of International Law. Control for Outer Space and the Antarctic Analogy (in collab.), 1957.

M. GAETANO MORELLI

Born at Crotone (Italy) on 23 May 1900; Doctor of Law of the University of Rome, 1921; lecturer in International Law in the University of Urbino from 1927 until 1932; Professor in the University of Modena from 1932 until 1933, and in the University of Padua from 1933 until 1935; Professor in the University of Naples from 1935 until 1951, and in the University of Rome since 1951; since 1951, member of the Higher Council of Public Education; in 1937, delivered a course of lectures at the Hague Academy of International Law. Since 1950, Member of the Institut de droit international.

Expert member of the Italian delegation to the Montreux Conference of 1937 for the abolition of capitulations in Egypt; delegate of the Italian Government to the Seventh Hague Conference on Private International Law (1951); since 1950, member of the Permanent Conciliation Commission between Luxembourg and Switzerland.

Judge ad hoc in the case of the Monetary Gold removed from Rome in 1943, before the International Court of Justice (1954); since 1955 has been a member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration; and since 1956 a member of the Italian National Commission for U.N.E.S.C.O.; counsel for Nicaragua before the International Court of Justice in the case concerning the Arbitral Award made by the King of Spain on 23 December 1906.

Author of numerous works on Public and Private International Law, especially: La sentenza internazionale, 1931; La théorie générale du procès international (Hague Academy of International Law, Recueil des Cours, 1937-III); Lezioni di diritto internazionale privato, 1943; Nozioni di diritto internazionale, 1951; Elementi di diritto internazionale privato italiano, 1952.
